

EOS Production Sites Network Performance Report: March 2009

This is a monthly summary of EOS network performance testing between production sites -- comparing the measured performance against the requirements.

Highlights:

- **Mostly stable flows with continued congestion at GSFC**
 - **GPA 3.47** (3.58 last month)
- **Only 1 flow below "Good"**
 - **GSFC MODAPS-PDR to EROS ("Low")**
 - Due to EBnet to Doors congestion at GSFC
- **Bottlenecks:**
 - **GSFC: EBnet to Doors Gig-E**
 - Average user flow is approx 700 mbps
 - Similar to last month
 - Sustained peaks over 900
 - Upgrade to 10 Gig backbone is in progress
 - Completion expected Summer '09
- Significant improvements are noted in Green, Network problems in Red, System problems in Gold, and comments in Blue.

Ratings Changes: (See site discussion below for details)

Upgrades: ↑ : None

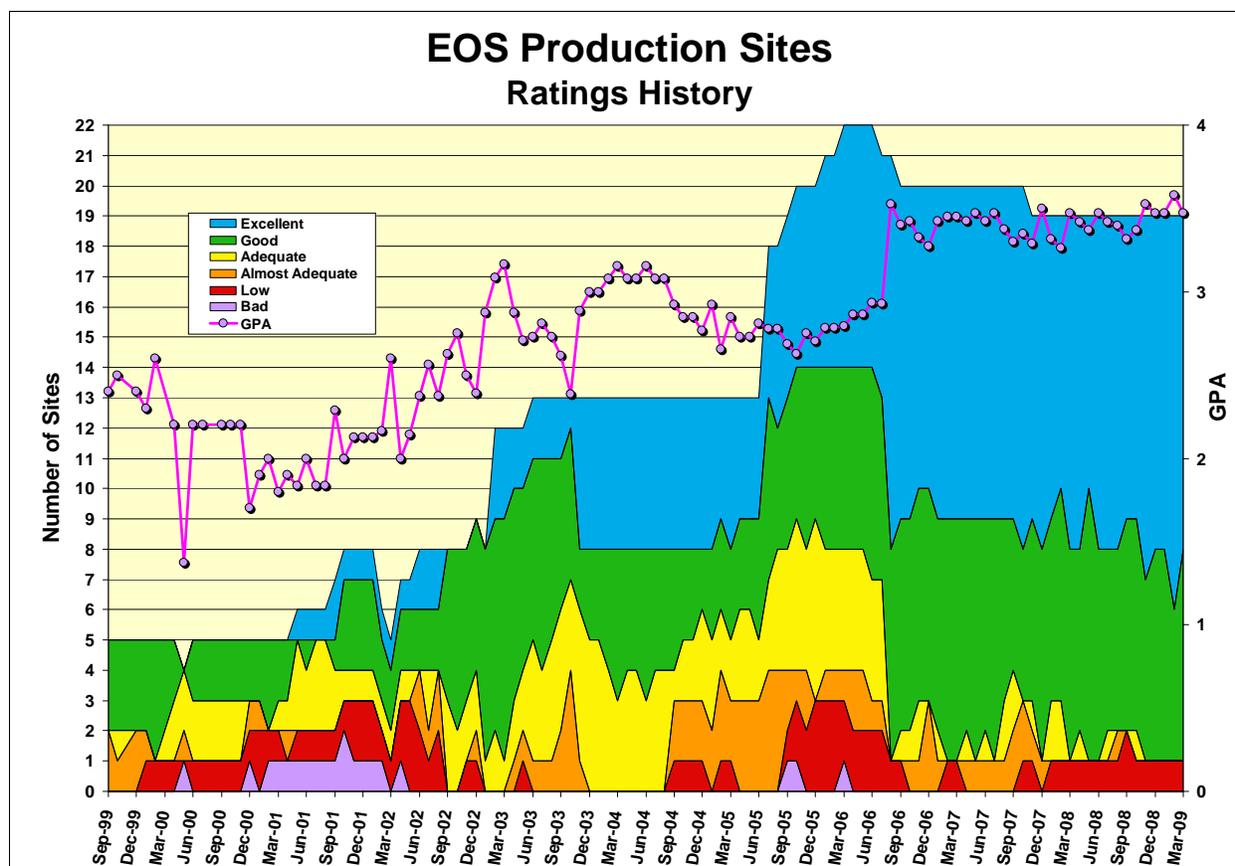
Downgrades: ↓:

ERSDAC → EROS: Excellent → **Good**
 GSFC → ERSDAC: Excellent → **Good**

Ratings Categories:

Rating	Value	Criteria
Excellent:	4	Total Kbps > Requirement * 3
Good:	3	1.3 * Requirement <= Total Kbps < Requirement * 3
Adequate:	2	Requirement < Total Kbps < Requirement * 1.3
Almost Adequate:	1.5	Requirement / 1.3 < Total Kbps < Requirement
Low:	1	Requirement / 3 < Total Kbps < Requirement / 1.3
Bad:	0	Total Kbps < Requirement / 3

Where Total Kbps = Integrated Kbps (where available), otherwise just iperf



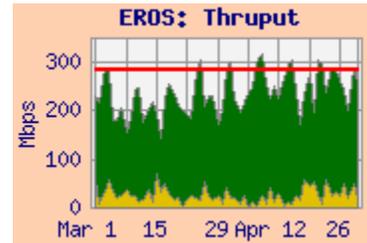
The chart above shows the number of sites in each classification since EOS Production Site testing started in September 1999. Note that these ratings do NOT relate to absolute performance -- they are relative to the EOS requirements.

Requirements Basis:

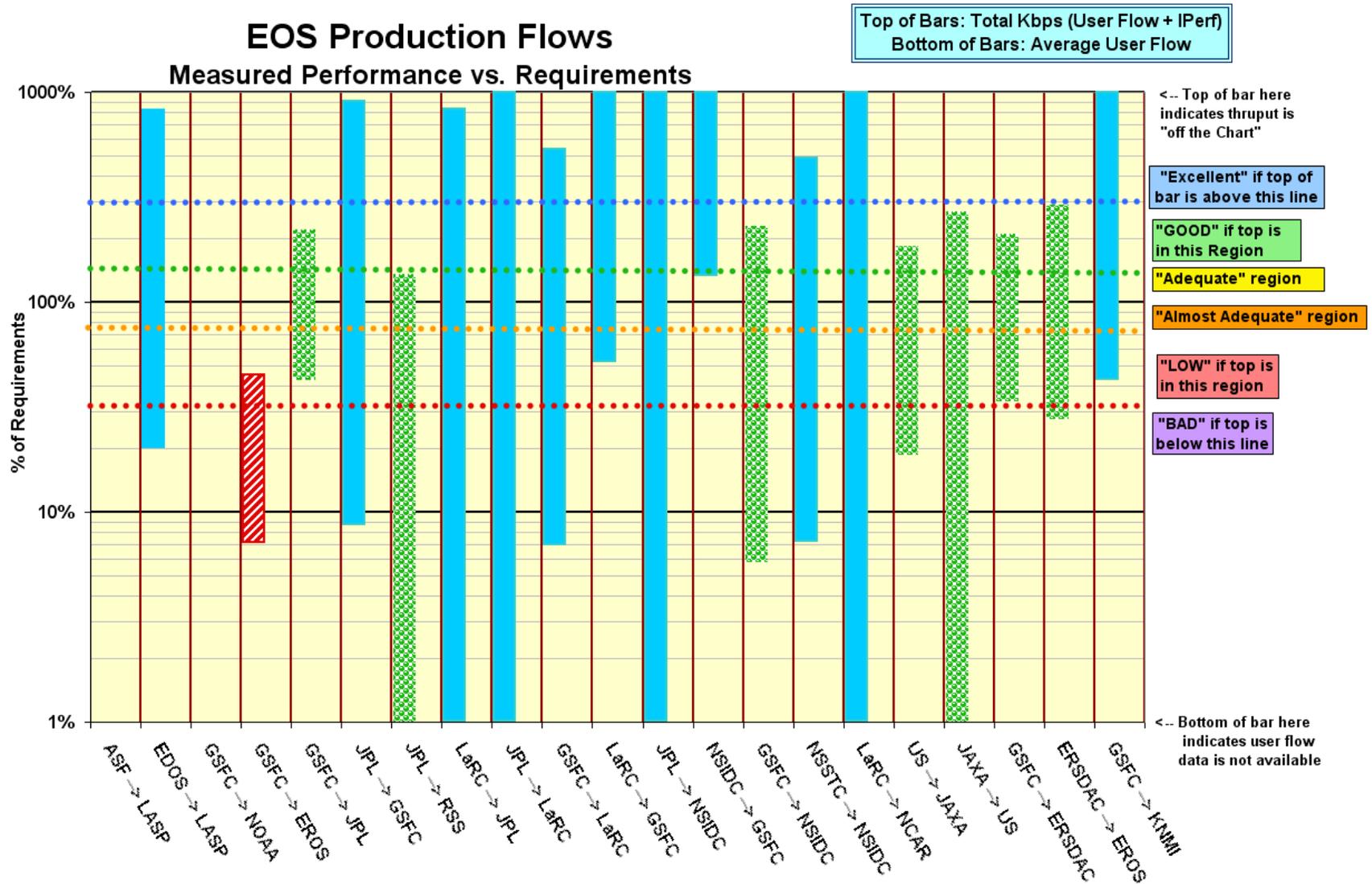
- April '08 Revisions
 - Reduced GEOS Flows
 - Increased MODIS reprocessing
- December '03 requirements from BAH.
 - Updated to handbook 1.4.1 (3/22/06)
- Additional Updates Incorporated:
 - New AIRS reprocessing flows (8/06)
 - GEOS requirements – Flows began in Nov '06
 - All LaRC-GSFC “Backhaul” Requirements removed
 - Extension of TRMM, QuikScat missions
- Plan: Switch to requirements derived from new ESDIS database
 - When available

Integrated Charts:

Integrated charts are included with site details, where available. These charts are “Area” charts, with a pink background. A sample Integrated chart is shown here. The yellow area at the bottom represents the daily average of the user flow from the source facility (e.g., GSFC, in this example) to the destination facility (e.g., EROS, in this example) obtained from routers via “netflow”. The green area is stacked on top of the user flow, and represents the “adjusted” daily average iperf thruptut between the source-destination pair most closely corresponding to the requirement. This iperf measurement essentially shows the circuit capacity remaining with the user flows active. The adjustments are made to compensate for various systematic effects, and are best considered as an approximation. The red line is the requirement for the flow from the source to destination facilities.



This graph shows a bar for each source-destination pair – relating the measurements vs the requirements for that pair. The bottom of each bar is the average measured user flow to a site. Thus the bottom of each bar indicates the relationship between the requirements and actual flows. Note that the requirements generally include a 50% contingency factor above what was specified by the projects, so a value of 66% (dotted orange line) would indicate that the project is flowing as much data as requested. The top of each bar represents the integrated measurement, combining the user flow with Iperf measurements – this value is used to determine the ratings



1) EROS:

Ratings: GSFC → EROS: Continued **Low**
 ERSDAC → EROS: Continued **Good**

Web Page: <http://ensight.eos.nasa.gov/Organizations/production/EROS.shtml>
http://ensight.eos.nasa.gov/Organizations/production/EROS_PTH.shtml

Test Results:

Source → Dest	Medians of daily tests (mbps)			User Flow	Integrated
	Best	Median	Worst		
MODAPS-PDR → EROS LPDAAC	254.5	141.3	32.4	24.5	155.1
GSFC-EDOS → EROS LPDAAC	378.3	170.7	48.3		
GES DAAC → EROS LPDAAC	251.4	109.1	32.4		
ERSDAC → EROS LPDAAC	84.8	77.6	19.2	7.4	77.6
GSFC-EBnet-PTH → EROS PTH	84.4	35.7	16.7		
GSFC-ENPL → EROS PTH	469.7	439.8	143.3		
GSFC-NISN → EROS PTH	475.1	449.1	157.3		
NSIDC → EROS	111.1	106.1	55.5		
LaRC → EROS	93.0	93.0	18.1		

Requirements:

Source → Dest	Date	mbps	Rating
GSFC → EROS	CY '08-11	346	Low
ERSDAC → EROS	FY '06 - '09	26.8	Good

Comments:

GSFC → EROS: The rating is based on the MODAPS-PDR Server to EROS LP DAAC measurement (Results are similar from GES DAAC and a little better from EDOS). The route is via the Doors to NISN SIP, via the NISN OC-48 (2.5 gbps) backbone to the NISN Chicago CIEF, then via GigE to StarLight, peering with the EROS OC-12 (622 mbps).

The user flow this month was about the same as the 25 mbps the last few months, and remains far below the nominal requirement.

Performance to EROS from all sources dropped dramatically in late March due to a carrier problem on the Chicago to EROS OC-12 (fixed in early April)

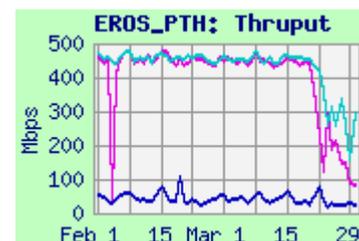
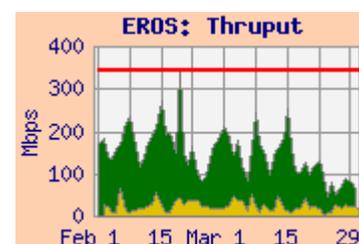
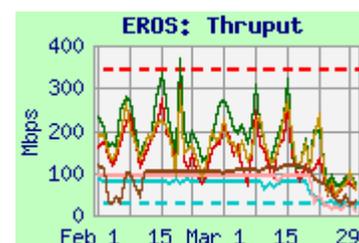
Performance from the EBnet hosts (EDOS, GDAAC, MODAPS, and GSFC-EBnet-PTH) is predominantly limited by congestion on the EBnet to Doors Gig-E circuit at GSFC, as indicated by their large best:worst ratios. The performance from GSFC-EBnet-PTH dropped in early January, and is under investigation. Other than the OC-12 problem above, performance from the other EBnet hosts is about the same as recent months, and remains more than 30% below the requirement so the rating remains "Low".

The GSFC-NISN host uses the same NISN route as above, but is connected outside the congested EBnet to Doors Gig-E circuit, so its performance is much higher (peak performance is almost twice that of MODAPS) and steadier than from MODAPS or the GES DAAC (the daily worst is better than MODAPS by a factor of about 5:1). It would be rated "Good". The ENPL host has a direct connection to the MAX, also bypassing the congested EBnet to Doors Gig-E circuit. Its route is via MAX to Internet2 to StarLight in Chicago. Performance is very similar to the GSFC-NISN source. Both are predominantly limited by the OC-12 to EROS.

ERSDAC → EROS: Other than the OC-12 problem above, performance was stable this month. See section 7 (ERSDAC) for further discussion of this performance.

NSIDC → EROS: Other than the OC-12 problem above, performance was also stable this month.

LaRC → EROS: Other than the OC-12 problem above, the thrupt from LaRC-PTH to EROS-PTH was again very stable this month via NISN to the Chicago CIEF. Thrupt is limited to 100 mbps by the Fast-E connection at LaRC-PTH.



2) to GSFC

Ratings: NSIDC → GDAAC: Continued **Excellent**
 LDAAC → GDAAC: Continued **Excellent**
 JPL → GDAAC: Continued **Excellent**

Web Pages:

- <http://ensight.eos.nasa.gov/Organizations/production/GDAAC.shtml>
- http://ensight.eos.nasa.gov/Organizations/production/GSFC_PTH.shtml

Test Results:

Source → Dest	Medians of daily tests (mbps)			User Flow
	Best	Median	Worst	
EROS LPDAAC → GSFC DAAC	115.3	105.2	88.0	
EROS PTH → GSFC-EBnet PTH	432.3	382.5	279.7	
JPL-PTH → GSFC-EBnet PTH	87.6	66.5	39.3	0.64
LDAAC → GDAAC	519.3	466.3	325.9	0.10
LARC-ANGe → GSFC-EBnet PTH	366.4	323.7	260.0	
NSIDC DAAC → GSFC-DAAC	121.1	120.2	117.8	0.65
NSIDC DAAC → GSFC-ISIPS	78.4	78.1	76.8	

Requirements:

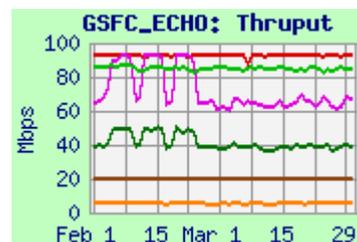
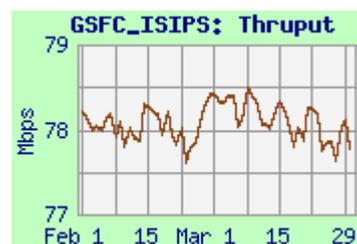
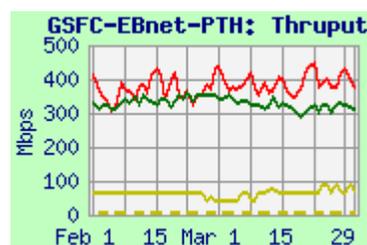
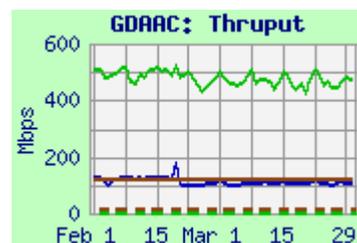
Source → Dest	Date	Mbps	Rating
NSIDC → GSFC	CY '06 – '09	13.3	Excellent
LDAAC → GDAAC	FY '07 – '09	0.2	Excellent
JPL → GSFC combined	CY '06-09	7.4	Excellent

EROS → GSFC: The thrupt for tests from EROS to GSFC (both DAAC to DAAC and PTH to EBnet-PTH) were mostly stable this month, but note that the DAAC to DAAC flow cannot use most of the WAN capability (compared to the EROS-PTH to GSFC-EBnet-PTH results).

JPL → GSFC: Thrupt was stable at 65 mbps for the last several months until late March, but was again bimodal at either 65 or 90 mbps thereafter. With the modest requirement, the rating remains “Excellent”.

LaRC → GSFC: Performance from LDAAC → GDAAC remained much more than 3 x the modest requirement, so the rating continues as “Excellent”. The user flow averaged only 100 kbps, typical for recent months.

NSIDC → GSFC: Performance from NSIDC to GSFC (DAAC and ISIPS) was again very steady this month. With the low requirement the rating remains “Excellent”. The user flow on this path averaged only 650 kbps.



2.2 GSFC-ECHO

Test Results:

Source	Medians of daily tests (mbps)		
	Best	Median	Worst
EROS LPDAAC	79.4	72.5	53.2
EROS LPDAAC ftp	11.9	11.3	4.1
GES DAAC	93.0	92.6	89.0
GES DAAC ftp	74.3	64.1	17.9
LaRC ASDC DAAC	87.0	84.8	74.2
LaRC ASDC DAAC ftp	43.2	38.7	14.6
NSIDC DAAC	20.1	20.0	17.4
NSIDC DAAC ftp	5.5	5.3	2.4

Testing is performed to GSFC-ECHO from the above nodes, both iperf and ftp. Results are generally steady. Performance limitations are from the 100 mbps fast-E and TCP window size – especially on ftp.

3) JPL:

3.1) GSFC → JPL:

Ratings: GSFC → JPL: Continued **Good**

Web Pages:

- http://ensight.eos.nasa.gov/Missions/aqua/JPL_AIRS.shtml
- http://ensight.eos.nasa.gov/Missions/aura/JPL_MLS.shtml
- http://ensight.eos.nasa.gov/Organizations/production/JPL_QSCAT.shtml
- http://ensight.eos.nasa.gov/Organizations/production/JPL_PODAAC.shtml

Test Results:

Source → Dest	Medians of daily tests (mbps)			User Flow	Integrated
	Best	Median	Worst		
GSFC-DAAC → JPL-AIRS	119.5	92.9	24.9	18.5	96.5
GSFC-EBnet-PTH → JPL-AIRS	316.5	95.6	24.1		
GSFC-EBnet-PTH → JPL-PODAAC	210.3	51.5	12.0		
GSFC-EBnet-PTH → JPL-QSCAT	91.5	48.9	9.4		
GSFC-EBnet-PTH → JPL-MLS	156.1	44.0	7.5		
GSFC-NISN → JPL-MLS	224.9	216.8	192.0		

Requirements:

Source → Dest	Date	Mbps	Rating
GSFC → JPL Combined	FY '08-'09	43.6	Good
GSFC → JPL AIRS	FY '08-'09	35.2	Good
GSFC → JPL PODAAC	FY '08-'11	1.5	Excellent
GSFC → JPL QSCAT	FY '08-'11	1.0	Excellent
GSFC → JPL MLS	FY '08-'09	5.9	Excellent

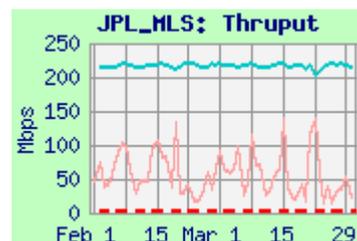
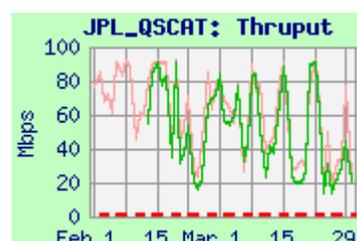
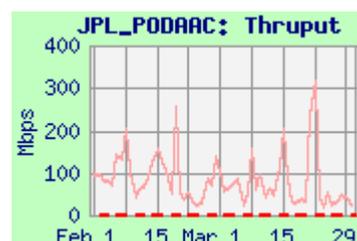
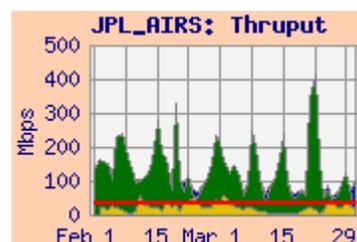
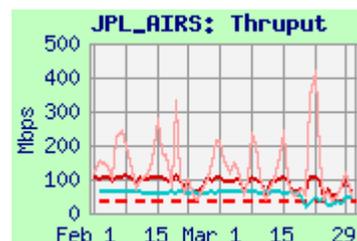
Comments: The EBnet to Doors congestion at GSFC is the bottleneck for most of these flows, and creates large variations in performance. The user flow from GSFC/EOS was about the same as last month's, and was consistent with the requirement without contingency.

AIRS, Overall: The median thrupt from GES DAAC dropped below 3x the AIRS requirement; so the AIRS rating drops to "Good". The JPL overall rating is based on this test compared with the sum of all the GSFC to JPL requirements – the overall rating remains "Good"

PODAAC: Daily thrupt peaks averaged over 200 mbps, while median thrupt is less than a quarter of that, due to congestion at GSFC. The GSFC-PODAAC requirement (for MODIS data) is only 1.5 mbps, rating "Excellent"

QSCAT: The thrupt from GSFC-EBnet-PTH peaks close to 100 mbps – limited by a Fast-E connection at QSCAT, and congestion at GSFC. The QSCAT requirement is only 1.3 mbps, rating "Excellent". A test to a new QScat node (ketch) was added in February (green line), with very similar results to the existing node.

MLS: The GSFC-MLS requirement is for MLS and GEOS flow, and was reduced in April '08. Thrupt from GSFC-PTH was noisy (best to worst ratio of 21:1) and about the same as last month. Testing from GSFC-NISN avoids the EBnet congestion seen from GSFC-EBnet-PTH, with much more stable results (best to worst ratio of less than 1.2:1).



3.2) LaRC ↔ JPL

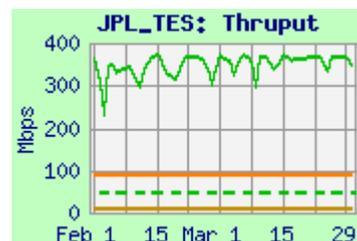
Ratings: LaRC → JPL: Continued **Excellent**
 JPL → LaRC: Continued **Excellent**

Web Pages:

- http://ensight.eos.nasa.gov/Organizations/production/JPL_TES.shtml
- http://ensight.eos.nasa.gov/Missions/terra/JPL_MISR.shtml
- http://ensight.eos.nasa.gov/Organizations/production/JPL_PTH.shtml

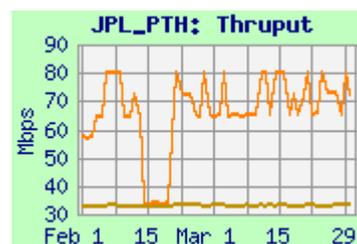
Test Results:

Source → Dest	Medians of daily tests (mbps)		
	Best	Median	Worst
LaRC DAAC → JPL-TES	372.3	361.8	125.8
LaRC PTH → JPL-TES	91.1	91.0	91.0
LaRC PTH → JPL-TES sftp	11.5	11.3	9.6
LaRC PTH → JPL-PTH	80.5	72.0	49.5
LaRC PTH → JPL-PTH sftp	33.2	33.2	33.1
LaRC DAAC → JPL-MISR	77.4	77.0	37.6
LaRC PTH → JPL-MISR	87.9	87.6	41.8
JPL-PTH → LaRC PTH	86.1	85.5	60.5



Requirements:

Source → Dest	Date	Mbps	Rating
LaRC DAAC → JPL-TES	FY '07 – '09	29.8	Excellent
LaRC DAAC → JPL-MISR	FY '07 – '09	18.5	Excellent
LaRC → JPL-Combined	FY '07 – '09	45.8	Excellent
JPL PTH → LaRC PTH	FY '07 – '09	4.4	Excellent

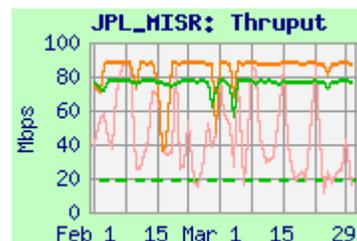


Comments: LDAAC was moved to campus address space in March '07. User flow data is no longer available from LaRC (has been requested but not implemented). Thus no integrated graphs are available from LaRC.

LaRC → JPL (Overall, TES): Performance from LDAAC to JPL-TES increased in January, possibly due to a route change by NISN. Median performance from LDAAC to JPL-TES remains well over 3 x the TES and combined requirements, so the TES and Overall ratings remain "Excellent".

The TES system was upgraded in February '08; the sftp window size and sftp performance increased with that upgrade. Sftp results are even better from LaRC-PTH to JPL-PTH which uses an even larger window size.

LaRC → JPL (MISR): Median thruput was somewhat noisy this month, with a best:worst ratio from the ASDC DAAC of 2.1:1 (was 2.6:1 last month); from LaRC-PTH the ratio is the same. The rating remains "Excellent".



JPL → LaRC: This requirement is primarily for TES products produced at the TES SIPS at JPL, being returned to LaRC for archiving. Thruput was bimodal this month (alternating between 60 and 85 mbps, as has often been the case in the past). The requirement was reduced in April '08 from 52.6 mbps previously, so the rating improved to "Excellent" at that time.



4) Boulder CO:

4.1) GSFC → NSIDC:

Ratings: GSFC → NSIDC: Continued **Good**

Web Page: <http://ensight.eos.nasa.gov/Organizations/production/NSIDC.shtml>

Test Results:

Source → Dest	Medians of daily tests (mbps)			User Flow	Integrated
	Best	Median	Worst		
MODIS-PDR → NSIDC-DAAC	88.5	79.6	18.4	2.0	79.6
GSFC-DAAC → NSIDC-DAAC	107.6	59.0	11.7		
GSFC-EDOS → NSIDC-DAAC	103.2	52.6	9.3		
GSFC-ISIPS → NSIDC (iperf)	88.5	58.6	11.4		
GSFC-ISIPS → NSIDC (ftp)	19.4	10.7	1.5		
GSFC-ENPL → NSIDC_u	117.0	116.2	112.6		
MODIS-PDR → NSIDC_u	40.8	33.6	15.5		

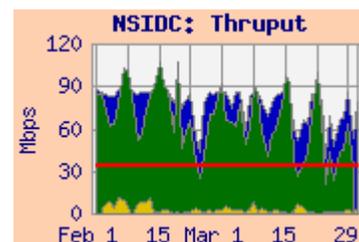
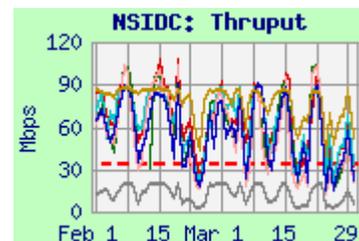
Requirements:

Source → Dest	Date	Mbps	Rating
GSFC → NSIDC	CY '07 – '09	34.5	Good

Comments: GSFC → NSIDC: This rating is based on testing from the MODAPS PDR server to the NSIDC DAAC via NISN PIP, since this is the primary production flow. The thrupt values **remain noisy, due to congestion at GSFC**, but were otherwise stable this month. The requirement was reduced in April '08 (was 64 mbps previously) due to the use of compression in MODIS collection 5. The Integrated thrupt is above this lower requirement, by more than 30%, so the rating remains "Good". **Note that the user flow remains MUCH lower, even than the reduced requirement.**

GSFC → NSIDC_u via Internet2: Results via Internet2 are also shown, since it is planned to switch the production flows from PIP to Internet2. Thrupt on this path to SIDADS from ENPL was steady and well above the requirement. Performance via Internet2 from MODAPS to n4ftl01 was similar to those from MODAPS to this same node via NISN **until mid March, when it dropped off in two separate steps** (with a partial recovery in April). **Note that this route is asymmetric; the return path from NSIDC to MODAPS remains via NISN.** This issue remains under investigation.

GSFC-ISIPS ↔ NSIDC: Results are consistent with previous tests and similar to other GSFC sources.



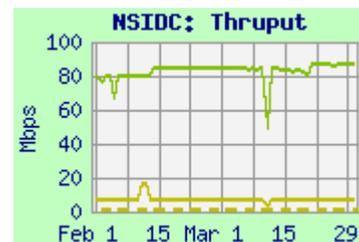
4.2) JPL → NSIDC:

Ratings: JPL → NSIDC: Continued **Excellent**

Test Results:

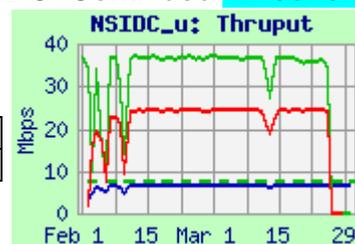
Source → Dest	Medians of daily tests (mbps)			Requirement
	Best	Median	Worst	
JPL PTH → NSIDC-PTH	85.2	84.7	60.1	1.34
JPL PODAAC → NSIDC	6.9	6.9	6.7	

Comments: The test from JPL-PTH to NSIDC-PTH has much higher thrupt than from PODAAC, and more fully assesses the true network capability. Thrupt from JPL-PTH was stable in February and March, not bistable, as is often the case. Thrupt from PODAAC to NSIDC-SIDADS was much lower. **User flow on this path averaged only about 3 kbps this month! (Or maybe the flows are going via Internet2?)** The rating remains "Excellent".



4.3) GHRC → NSIDC:Ratings: GHRC → NSIDC: Continued **Excellent**Web Pages: http://ensight.eos.nasa.gov/Missions/aqua/NSIDC_u.shtml**Test Results:**

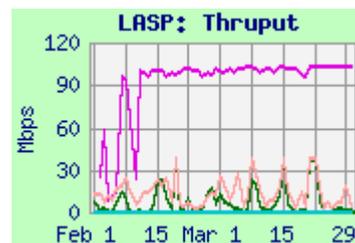
Source → Dest	Medians of daily tests (mbps)			Req.
	Best	Median	Worst	
GHRC → NSIDC DAAC (iperf)	37.4	36.5	23.0	7.5
GHRC → NSIDC DAAC (ftp pull)	24.5	24.3	18.8	
GHRC → NSIDC SIDADS (ftp pull)	8.2	8.1	6.6	



Comments: GHRC (NSSTC, UAH, Huntsville, AL) sends AMSR-E L2/L3 data to NSIDC via Internet2, with the return route via NISN SIP. The ftp performance is limited by the TCP window size, and improved in late January with a node upgrade at GHRC. The median thrupt is more than 3x the requirement, so the rating remains "Excellent". The user flow again averaged only 540 kbps this month, about 7% of the requirement. The problem at the end of the month was fixed in early April.

4.4) LASP:Ratings: GSFC → LASP: Continued **Excellent**Web Page: <http://ensight.eos.nasa.gov/Organizations/production/LASP.shtml>**Test Results:**

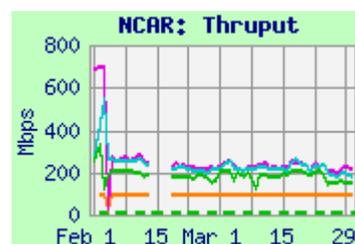
Source → Dest	Medians of daily tests (mbps)		
	Best	Median	Worst
GSFC EDOS → LASP	38.0	3.2	0.01
GSFC EBnet-PTH → LASP (iperf)	38.7	11.4	1.2
GSFC ENPL → LASP	103.2	102.0	89.9
GSFC EBnet-PTH → LASP (sftp)	0.46	0.45	0.42

**Comments:**

GSFC → LASP: Iperf thrupt is very noisy (note the 33:1 best:worst ratio from GSFC-PTH; much noisier from EDOS); attributed mostly to EBnet congestion at GSFC. The median thrupt from EDOS remains over 3x the 0.4 mbps requirement, so the rating remains "Excellent". Sftp thrupt is MUCH lower than iperf, due to TCP window size limitations. Performance is much higher and steadier from GSFC-ENPL to a node on LASP's green network via Internet2, which avoids the EBnet congestion at GSFC. The average user flow this month was a typical 80 kbps.

4.5) NCAR:Ratings: LaRC → NCAR: Continued **Excellent**
GSFC → NCAR: Continued **Excellent**Web Pages: <http://ensight.eos.nasa.gov/Missions/terra/NCAR.shtml>**Test Results:**

Source	Medians of daily tests (mbps)			Requirement
	Best	Median	Worst	
LaRC	212.2	185.0	56.4	5.4
GSFC-ENPL-GE	271.9	224.5	149.4	5.1
GSFC-ENPL-FE	92.2	92.2	90.6	
GSFC-NISN	264.3	218.7	147.5	



Comments: NCAR (Boulder, CO) is a SIPS for MOPITT (Terra, from LaRC), and has MOPITT and HIRDLS QA (Aura, from GSFC) requirements. Thrupt from LaRC was again noisy this month. The median remains well above 3 x the requirement, so the rating remains "Excellent".

From GSFC-ENPL-GE, with a Gig-E connection to MAX, the median thrupt is less noisy, and also well over 3 x the requirement, so that rating also remains "Excellent". Thrupt was extremely stable from the ENPL node using a Fast-E interface.

From GSFC-NISN, the route is via NISN to the MAX (similar to the route from LaRC). Performance is very similar to GSFC-ENPL.

The average user flow this month was about 1.5 mbps –higher than the 0.5 mbps typical of recent months.

5) GSFC → LaRC:Rating: Continued **Excellent**

Web Pages: <http://ensight.eos.nasa.gov/Organizations/production/LARC.shtml>
http://ensight.eos.nasa.gov/Organizations/production/LARC_ANGe.shtml

Test Results:

Source → Dest	Medians of daily tests (mbps)			User Flow	Integrated
	Best	Median	Worst		
GES DAAC → LDAAC	483.4	323.4	135.3	4.2	324.1
GSFC-EDOS → LDAAC	206.4	141.8	44.3		
GSFC-EBnet-PTH → LaRC-ANGe	414.7	275.7	98.6		
GSFC-NISN → LaTIS	425.5	388.3	330.0		

Requirements:

Source → Dest	Date	Mbps	Rating
GSFC → LARC (Combined)	CY '09	60.5	Excellent

Comments:

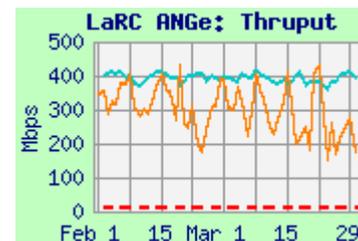
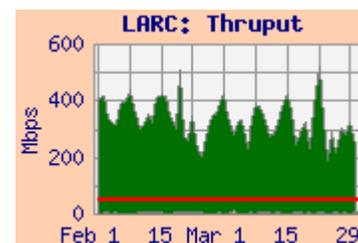
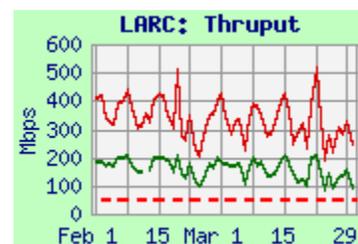
GSFC → LaRC: The requirement was reduced effective January '08 due to decreased GEOS flows (was 86.9 mbps previously). The rating is based on the GES DAAC to LaRC ASDC DAAC thrupt, compared to this combined requirement. The integrated thrupt remains more than 3 x this requirement, so the rating remains "Excellent"

Results from EDOS are similar to but lower than from GES DAAC

The difference between the daily best, median, and average values from GES DAAC and EDOS is attributed to congestion at GSFC.

As seen on the Integrated graph, the 4.2 mbps average user flow was typical for recent months, and only about 7% of the requirement.

ANGe (LaTIS): The thrupt to ANGe via PIP (from GSFC-EBnet-PTH) was again noisy due to EBnet congestion at GSFC. Testing to LaTIS from GSFC-NISN avoids this congestion, with much more consistent results.



6) US ↔ JAXA:

Ratings: US → JAXA: Continued **Good**
 JAXA → US: Continued **Good**

Web Pages http://ensight.eos.nasa.gov/Organizations/production/JAXA_EOC.shtml
http://ensight.eos.nasa.gov/Organizations/production/JAXA_HEOC.shtml
http://ensight.eos.nasa.gov/Organizations/production/JPL_QSCAT.shtml

Test Results:

Source → Dest	Medians of daily tests (mbps)			User Flow	Integrated
	Best	Median	Worst		
GSFC-EBnet-PTH → JAXA-DDS	4.18	3.64	2.13	0.37	3.66
GSFC-EDOS → JAXA-DDS	4.30	3.64	2.44		
GSFC-ENPL → JAXA-azusa	71.9	65.7	46.9		
GSFC-EBnet-PTH → JAXA-azusa	40.5	18.8	3.5		
GSFC-EDOS → JAXA-azusa	35.3	17.4	6.2		
GSFC-EBnet-PTH → JAXA (sftp)	0.81	0.79	0.58		
JAXA-DDS → JPL-QSCAT	3.49	3.45	1.90		
JAXA-azusa → JPL-QSCAT	69.8	30.0	16.7		
JAXA-DDS → GSFC-DAAC	1.06	1.06	1.05		
JAXA-azusa → GSFC-MAX	84.4	83.8	26.8		

Requirements:

Source → Dest	Date	Mbps	Rating
GSFC → JAXA	Nov '03 – Dec '09	1.99	Good
JAXA → US	Nov '03 – Dec '09	1.28	Good

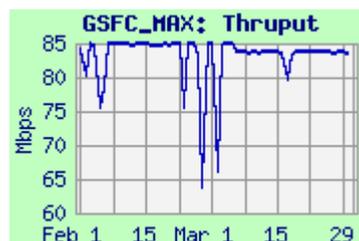
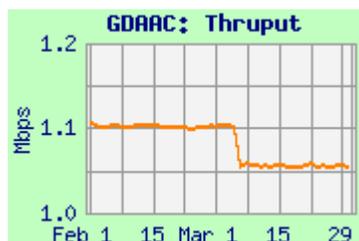
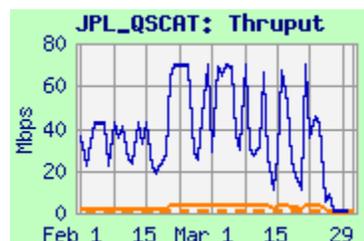
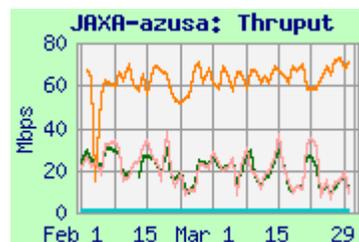
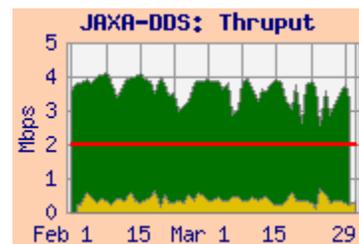
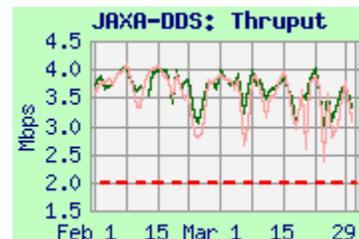
Comments: All testing to and from JAXA stopped when both JAXA Servers (DDS-SIM and azusa) were removed from service on March 31.

US → JAXA: DDS: Performance from GSFC is limited by TCP window size and the 10 mbps Ethernet at JAXA. Performance was mostly stable, but subject to the EBnet to Doors congestion at GSFC. Thruput was above the requirement, by more than 30%, but by less than 3x; so the rating remains “Good”. Performance from GSFC-EDOS was very similar to that from GSFC-EBnet-PTH.

The integrated graph shows the user flow is averaging about 20% of the requirement (or 30% of the requirement without the contingency).

Azusa: Performance from GSFC-ENPL to the JAXA azusa test node is not limited by a 10 mbps Ethernet, so its much higher performance more accurately shows the capability of the networks. The lower values from GSFC-EBnet-PTH and GSFC-EDOS are due to EBnet congestion, not seen from GSFC-ENPL. Thruput using sftp between these same nodes is much lower, limited by ssh TCP window size. A patch is available, but has not been installed on azusa.

JAXA → US: Thruput from DDS-sim to JPL and GSFC is limited by the DDS node’s TCP window size (which has not been tuned to fully utilize the increased network capability) and its 10 mbps Ethernet. The thruput drop to GES DAAC in early March is due to a route change with longer RTT. The average thruput from JAXA DDS to JPL was above the requirement by more than 30%, so the rating remains “Good”. Thruput was much higher from Azusa to JPL and to GSFC-MAX, with a 100 mbps Ethernet connection, and larger TCP windows.



7) ERSDAC ↔ US:

Ratings: **GSFC → ERSDAC:** ↓ Excellent → **Good**
ERSDAC → EROS: ↓ Excellent → **Good**

Web Page : <http://ensight.eos.nasa.gov/Organizations/production/ERSDAC.shtml>

US → ERSDAC Test Results

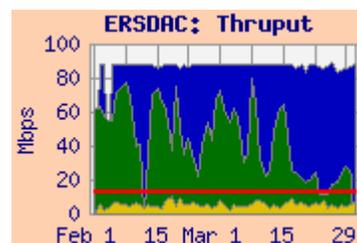
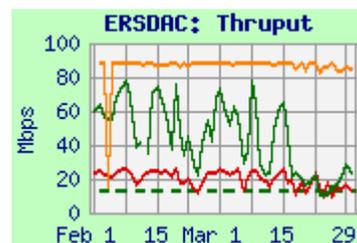
Source → Dest	Medians of daily tests (mbps)			User Flow	Integrated
	Best	Median	Worst		
GSFC-EDOS → ERSDAC	83.2	24.0	7.7	4.2	26.1
GDAAC → ERSDAC	26.2	17.9	6.3		
GSFC ENPL (FE) → ERSDAC	88.5	88.4	33.1		

Requirements:

Source → Dest	FY	Mbps	Rating
GSFC → ERSDAC	'05 - '09	12.5	↓ Good

Comments: The route from GSFC to ERSDAC has been via MAX to Internet2 to APAN since February '05.

Testing from EDOS to ERSDAC is used as the basis for the rating -- the requirement includes the level 0 flows which used to be sent by tapes. In November '08, Class Based Queueing (cbq) was initiated from EDOS to limit the outflow rate to 100 mbps, in order to avoid overloading a switch at Tokyo-XP (see below). Performance was noisy as usual, due to EBnet congestion, and the median thrupt dropped below 3 x the requirement, so the rating drops to "Good". The integrated chart shows that the user flow continues to be below the requirement, by about a 3:1 factor.



Thruput from GDAAC to ERSDAC is limited by packet loss at the GigE to FastE switch at Tokyo-XP. The GDAAC GigE source does not see any bottlenecks until this switch (The Internet2 and APAN backbones are 10 Gbps), and thus exceeds the capacity of the switch's FastE output circuit, causing packet loss. But the FastE connected ENPL node is limited to 100 mbps by its own interface, so does not suffer performance degrading packet loss – and the performance is much higher and steadier .

ERSDAC → US Test Results:

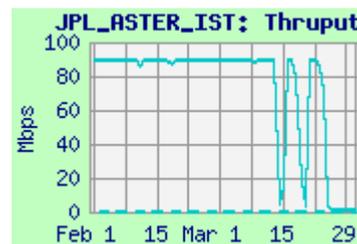
Source → Dest	Medians of daily tests (mbps)		
	Best	Median	Worst
ERSDAC → JPL-ASTER IST	89.9	89.0	13.9
ERSDAC → EROS	84.8	77.6	19.2

Requirements:

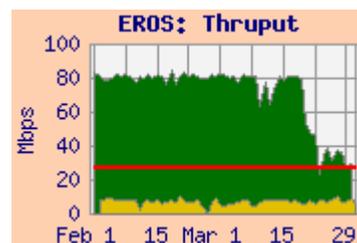
Source → Dest	Date	mbps	Rating
ERSDAC → JPL-ASTER IST	FY '07- '09	0.31	Excellent
ERSDAC → EROS	FY '07- '09	26.8	↓ Good

Comments:

ERSDAC → JPL-ASTER-IST: The performance this month was mostly stable (except for the problem which occurred in mid March – and was cleared up in April), and appear to be well in excess of the [unstated] requirement (IST requirements are generally 311 kbps).



ERSDAC → EROS: The results from this test (in support of the ERSDAC to EROS ASTER flow, replacing tapes) were a bit lower than last month. The median thrupt is now slightly less than 3 x the requirement so the rating drops to "Good". The user flow averaged 7.4 mbps this month, about 28% of the requirement (same as last month).



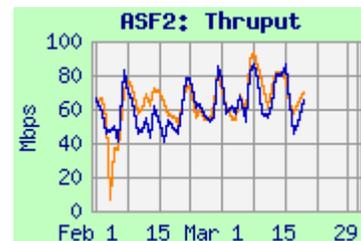
8) ASF

Ratings: IOnet: X Discontinued
WSC → ASF: n/a

Web Page: <http://ensight.eos.nasa.gov/Organizations/production/ASF2.shtml>

Test Results:

Source	Medians of daily tests (mbps)		
	Best	Median	Worst
WSC	n/a	n/a	n/a
GSFC	99.3	69.3	34.3
JAXA	85.9	63.4	27.2



Comments: IOnet: The ASF IOnet host and firewall was reconfigured in October '07, and all IOnet testing stopped at that time.

Testing to ASF is for the ALOS mission. The route from WSC is via NISN SIP, peering with Internet2 at one of several possible peering points. Internet2 connects to the "Pacific Northwest Gigapop" (PNW) in Seattle. From there the University of Alaska – Fairbanks (UAF) has a dedicated OC-3 circuit to campus (planned to be upgraded to OC-12 in the spring), then via campus LAN to the Alaska Satellite Facility (ASF).

Testing from WSC stopped in early October when the WSC test node failed. A replacement is being constructed. The ASF test machines were taken off line in March; testing resumed in April.

9) Other SIPS Sites:

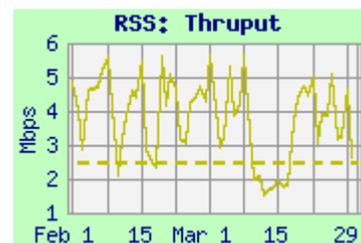
Web Pages <http://ensight.eos.nasa.gov/Missions/aqua/RSS.shtml>
http://ensight.eos.nasa.gov/Missions/aura/KNMI_OMIPDR.shtml

Test Results:

Source → Dest	Medians of daily tests (mbps)			Reqmt	Rating
	Best	Median	Worst		
JPL → RSS	5.67	3.36	1.43	2.5	Continued Good
OMISIPS → KNMI-ODPS	118.0	54.5	9.7	3.3	Continued Excellent

Comments:

9.1 RSS: RSS (Santa Rosa, CA) is a SIPS for AMSR-E (Aqua), receiving data from JPL, and sending its processed results to GHRC (aka NSSTC) (UAH, Huntsville, AL). This month the thrupt from JPL remained noisy -- periods of low performance are believed to be attributable to correspondingly high user flow (User flow data remains unavailable on this circuit). The median iperf thrupt remained above the requirement by more than 30%, so the rating remains "Good".



Note that with the present configuration (passive servers at both RSS and GHRC), the RSS to GHRC performance cannot be tested.

9.2 KNMI: KNMI (DeBilt, Netherlands) is a SIPS and QA site for OMI (Aura). The route from GSFC is via MAX to Internet2, peering in DC with Géant's 10 gbps circuit to Frankfurt, then via Surfnet through Amsterdam. The rating is based on the results from OMISIPS at GSFC to the ODPS primary server, protected by a firewall, and remains "Excellent". The KNMI test host was replaced in late February, with improved results (median thrupt from OMISIPS last month was stable at 17.5 mbps). The user flow averaged only 1.4 mbps this month, lower than the 1.7 mbps last month, as shown on the integrated graph, but not terribly far from the requirement.

